

Section 1: Product & Company Information

Product Identifier: Hydrogen Peroxide 30-35%, ANSI 60

Other Means of Identification

Product Number: 145512
145510

Recommended Use and Restrictions on Use

Recommended Use: Bleaching agent, Oxidizing agent, Cosmetics, Water treatment
Restrictions on Use: No Data Available

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor Information

Company Name: CORECHEM Inc.
Address: 4320 Greenway Drive
Knoxville, TN 37918 USA

Information Telephone Number: 1-865-524-4239

Fax Number: 1-865-524-3375

Website: www.corecheminc.com

Contact Person: Regulatory Manager

E-mail: regulatory@corecheminc.com

Emergency Phone Number: Chemtrec® 1-800-424-9300 / Outside USA 1-703-527-3887 (monitored 24 hours/day)

Section 2: Hazards Identification

GHS Hazard Classification(s)

In accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012).

Physical Hazard(s)

Oxidizing, Liquids - 3

Health Hazard(s)

Acute Toxicity, Oral - 4
(Corrosion)Damage/Irritation, Eye - 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)-Respiratory Irritation, Single exposure - 3

Environmental Hazard(s)

Not classified

Label Elements

Signal Word

DANGER

Hazard Symbol(s)



Hazard Statement(s)

H272: May intensify fire; oxidizer.
H302: Harmful if swallowed.
H318: Causes serious eye damage.
H335: May cause respiratory Irritation.

Precautionary Statements

General

Not applicable.

Prevention

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P220: Keep/Store away from clothing/combustible materials.
P221: Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.
P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273: Avoid release to the environment.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301 + P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P321: Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).
P330: Rinse mouth.
P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use suitable extinguishing media for extinction.

Storage

P403 + P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405: Store locked up.

Disposal

P501: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOG)

None known.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Mixture

Chemical Identity ²	Common Name/Synonym(s)	CAS # ³	Weight %	Impurity or Stabilizing Additive
Hydrogen peroxide	H2O2	7722-84-1	30 - 35%	No

- Information regarding the composition and the percentage ranges of the mixtures ingredients are not presented as it Confidential Business Information (CBI). Where a medical emergency exists (as determined by medical professional), timely disclosure of CBI is assured. The information omitted pertains to only the names of the substances and the concentration in the mixture (product) and can only be requested by a doctor/physician or Local/State/Provincial or Federal Authority.
- Non-hazardous ingredients are not presented as to protect the proprietary formula of the product.
- “—” Indicates ingredient is a mixture and contains multiple ingredients or may have no identifying CAS number.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

General Information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation

If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately.
If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Seek medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical attention immediately.
Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin Contact

Remove contaminated clothing, jewelry and shoes immediately and soak them in water to risk of fire. Do not allow to dry out until washed.
Wash affected areas immediately with plenty of water.
Seek medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.
Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods.

Eye Contact

Immediately flush eyes with copious amounts of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first two minutes and continue rinsing.
Seek prompt medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist, if irritation develops or persists.
Continue to rinse during transport of patient.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water and then drink plenty of water afterwards.
Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. May cause chemical burns in mouth and throat. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsive person.
Seek immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms

No Data Available

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hazards

Exposure to material may cause delayed lung injury resulting in pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Exposed individuals should be monitored for 72 hours after exposure for the onset of delayed respiratory symptoms

Treatment

No data available.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

General Fire Hazards

No data available.

Suitable (and Unsuitable) Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, water fog, alcohol-resistant foam, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), and dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

High volume water jet.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Explosive when mixed with combustible material. Avoid breathing fumes from fire exposed material.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Special Fire-Fighting Equipment Procedures

Oxidizing material. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Decomposition will release oxygen, which will intensify a fire. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Closed containers of this material may explode when subjected to heat from surrounding fire. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses. Firefighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (OSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid generation of vapors. Avoid contact with cellulose, paper, sawdust or similar substances. Risk of self-ignition or promotion of fires.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean-Up

Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be rinsed immediately with large amounts of water to ensure that all the hydrogen peroxide is removed. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material such as clean sand, earth, diatomaceous earth or non-acidic clay and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal.

Stop spill at source.

Construct temporary dikes of dirt, sand or any appropriate readily available material to prevent spreading of the material.

Close or cap valves and / or block or plug holes in leaking containers and transfer to another container.

Methods for Cleaning Up - Small Spills

Collect with non-combustible absorbent material (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local, state and national regulations.

Following product recovery, flush the area with water and collect wash water for proper disposal.

Contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazards as the spilled product.

Never return spills to original containers for reuse.

Avoid contact with combustible material (paper, wool or oil).

Methods for Cleaning Up - Large Spills

No data available.

Notification Procedures

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental Precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Provide sufficient air exchange and / or exhaust in work rooms. When handling, use only inert lubricants and packings for pumps, valves and other equipment. Do not confine in unvented vessels. Never return unused material to storage receptacle. Protect from contamination. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Storage Conditions

Store this material in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials, and food and drink. Store in a container with a vent. Store in a fire-proof area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect container(s) against physical damage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Shelf Life

Provided proper storage and handling precautions are taken, product should be stable for 12 months from date of manufacture. Product that is subsequently repackaged, handled and/or delivered by third parties may have a different shelf life and may require third party shelf life studies. Product past the retest date should be evaluated to confirm that all specifications are within their limits before use.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Type	Value	Source
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (Cas# 77 22-84-11)	TWA	1 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (Cas# 77 22-84-11)	TWA	1 ppm (l .4 mg/m3)	US OSHA Table Z-1

Biological Limit Values

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of hazardous materials with assigned biological limit values.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposure or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits. If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

General Information

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Eye/Face Protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Wear a full-face respirator, if needed. And have eye flushing equipment immediately available.

Skin Protection

Hand Protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other

Wear impervious body-covering clothing (coveralls, chemical apron or chemical protective clothing are generally acceptable). Wear footwear protecting against chemicals (rubber). Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled.

Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. V/here airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces the need for face shield and/or chemical goggles. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

Hygiene Measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and PPE to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:

Physical State: Liquid
 Color: Colorless

Odor:

Odorless

Odor Threshold:

No data available.

pH:

2 – 4

Melting Point/Freezing Point:

-27 °C (-17 °F)

Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range:

226°F (108°C) (35% Solution)

Flash Point:

Does not flash.

Evaporation Rate (butyl acetate=1):

No data available.

Flammability (solid, gas):

No data available.

Upper/Lower Limit on Flammability or Explosive Limits

Flammability Limit – Upper: Not applicable.

Flammability Limit – Lower: Not applicable.

Explosive Limit – Upper: No data available.

Explosive Limit – Lower: No data available.

Vapor Pressure:

17.4 – 25 mmHg

Vapor Density (air =1):

1.11 g/cm³

Relative Density (water=1):

1.12 @ 20-25 °C (68 – 77 °F)

Solubility(ies):

Solubility in water:	Completely soluble.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-Ignition Temperature:	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature:	No data available
Viscosity:	No data available.

Other Information:

Molecular Weight:	34.01 g/mol
Formula:	H ₂ O ₂

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Reacts with copper, aluminum, zinc and their alloys.

Chemical Stability

This material is chemically stable under normal and anticipated storage, handling and processing conditions

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Contamination from various metals or organic materials may cause rapid decomposition of the hydrogen peroxide resulting in oxygen gas release and build-up if not properly vented.

Conditions to Avoid

Elevated temperatures. Direct heating. Dirt. Chemical contamination. Sunlight. UV or ionizing radiation.

Incompatible Materials

Metals, Organic materials, Reducing agents, Metallic oxides, Dusts, Combustible materials (e.g., wood, sawdust), Alkaline materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

This material decomposes if contaminated, causing fire and possible explosions. Oxygen can be liberated at temperatures above ambient. Hydrogen peroxide is a strong oxidant and exothermically decomposes to water and large amounts of oxygen.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Information on routes of exposure

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation: No deaths occurred. (Rat) Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Contact: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (List all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS# 7722-84-11): (Rat) LD₅₀ = 1,471 mg/kg

Dermal

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS# 7722-84-11): (Rat) LD₅₀ > 1,193 mg/kg.

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS# 7722-84-11): (Rabbit) LD₅₀ > 2,000 mg/kg – 4h

Inhalation

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS# 7722-84-11): (Rat) 4 h LCO > 0.1 7 mg/.

Repeated Dose Toxicity

No Data Available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes mild skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

May cause respiratory irritation.

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Group 3, Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In Vitro

Genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using bacteria, animal cells

In Vivo

Genetic changes were observed in a laboratory test using mice, rats

Reproductive Toxicity

None known.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure

None known.

Aspiration Hazard

Not classified.

Other Effects

None known.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Acute Hazards to the Aquatic Environment

Fish

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (CAS# 7722-84-11): Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 96 h LC50 = 16.4 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrates

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (CAS# 7722-84-11): Daphnia pulex (Water flea) 48 h EC50 = 2.4 mg/l

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (CAS# 7722-84-11): Skeletonema costatum 72 h ErC50 = 1.38 mg/l

Chronic Hazards to the Aquatic Environment

Fish

No data available.

Aquatic Invertebrates

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE (CAS# 7722-84-11): Daphnia magna (Water flea) 21 d NOEC (reproduction) = 0.63 mg/l

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Readily biodegradable.

BOD/COD Ratio

No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

log Pow = -1.57

Mobility in Soil

The product is water soluble and may spread in water systems. Can be leached out from soil.

Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Instructions

Dilution with water is the preferred method of disposal. Dispose of it in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself. Emptied containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapors. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container. Follow label warnings until container is thoroughly cleaned or destroyed.

Section 14: Transportation Information

US Department of Transportation (DOT)

UN Number: UN2014

UN Proper Shipping Name: Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solutions
Technical Name:
Hazard Class: 5.1
Subsidiary Hazard Risk: (8)
Packing Group: II
DOT Label/Placard Exemptions: Not determined
Special Provisions: A2, A3, B53, IB2, IP5, T7, TP2, TP6, TP24, TP37
Packaging Exceptions: 49CFR 173.152
Packaging Non-Bulk: 49CFR 173.202
Packaging Bulk: 49CFR 173.243
Reportable Quantity (RQ): 1,000lb (454kg)
Marine Pollutant: No
Poison Inhalation Hazard: No
Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) #: 140

Important Note: Shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin and destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA), Chemical Substance Inventory, Section 8(b)

This product or ingredient(s) are listed on the TSCA inventory. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

No chemical(s) in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of CERCLA.

Clean Air Act (CAA), Section 112(r)

No chemical(s) in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of CAA.

Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA)

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

This product or ingredient(s) are listed on the TSCA inventory. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

Hydrogen Peroxide (7722-4-1)

EPCRA 304 Emergency Response Notification

Hydrogen Peroxide (7722-84-1): RQ = 1,000 lbs

EPCRA 311/312 Emergency and Hazardous Materials Reporting

Fire Hazard: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: Yes

Acute (Immediate) Health Hazard: Yes

Chronic (Delayed) Health Hazard: No

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemical Release Inventory (TRI) Reporting

This material does not contain any chemical(s) with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65)

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Important Note: Due to the changing nature of regulatory requirements, the information in this document should NOT be considered all-inclusive or authoritative. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. International, Federal, State and Local regulations should be consulted to determine compliance with all required reporting requirements.

Section 16: Other Information

Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS®) Classification

Health Hazard: 3

Chronic Health Hazard: /

Flammability: 0

Physical Hazard: 1

(Hazard Rating: 0 – Minimal / 1 – Slight / 2 – Moderate / 3 – Serious / 4 – Severe)

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 704) Rating

Health Hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity Hazard: 0

Special: OX

(Hazard Rating: 0 – Minimal / 1 – Slight / 2 – Moderate / 3 – Serious / 4 – Severe)

Prepared By: Regulatory Manager

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Current Revision: 02
Sections Revised: 2-4, 4, 6-12, 15

Key to Abbreviations and Acronyms

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate	ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists
BCF - Bioconcentration Factor	AIHA - American Industrial Hygiene Association
EC50 - Effective concentration, 50%	BEI - Biological Exposure Indices
IDHL - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service
Kg - Kilogram	DOT - US Department of Transportation
l - Liter	EPA - US Environmental Protection Agency
lb - Pound	GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
LC50 - Lethal Concentration, 50%	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
LD50 - Lethal Dose, 50%	IATA - International Air Transport Association
mg - milligram	IBC - Intermediate Bulk Container
ml - milliliter	IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
N/A - Not Applicable	NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
N/D - Not Determined	NTP - National Toxicology Program
PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit	OSHA - US Occupational Health and Safety Administration
REL - Recommended Exposure Limit	SARA - US EPA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit	TSCA - US EPA Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA - Time weighted average	UN - United Nations

References

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

Disclaimer

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